

SDG INDICATOR 2.4.1 PROPORTION OF AGRICULTURAL AREA UNDER PRODUCTIVE AND SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE

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Characteristics of Indicator 2.4.1

Indicator 2.4.1 is defined as the "<u>Proportion of agricultural area under</u> <u>productive and sustainable agriculture</u>", which is expressed by the following formula:

 $SDG2.4.1 = \frac{Area under productive and sustainable agriculture}{Agricultural land area}$

- It must reflect the <u>multiple dimensions</u> of sustainability
- It must capture the <u>main issues</u> as they are expressed in the SDG target 2.4: resilience, productivity, ecosystem maintenance, adaptation to climate change and extreme events, and soils
- It must allow for the measurement of <u>progress</u> towards more productive and sustainable agriculture

Note: Indicator 2.4.1 is developed by FAO with the support of the Global Strategy to improve agricultural and rural statistics (GS)



Process of development of the new methodological proposal for 2.4.1

- Literature review; **First proposal;** Expert reviews; Global country consultation (2017); 6th IAEG-SDG review (2017); Desk reviews in pilot countries (2017-18)
- New proposal; 2nd global consultation (2018); restricted review by IAEG-SDG (July 2018); Country testing (2018)
- New proposal further refined on the basis of the feedback received



Countries involved in pilots/tests

Country desk studies (2017-18)

- Bangladesh
- Kyrgyz Republic
- Ecuador
- Rwanda
- Belgium

- Mexico
- Kenya
- France (review)
- Bangladesh (on-going)

Country testing (2018)



Main concerns raised by countries

- 1. Data integration: It is challenging and expensive to use different data sources from different institutions and combine them in a coordinated manner, except for countries with sophisticated data systems → need to propose a method that uses a single data source
- 2. Possibility of use of alternative existing data sources: Countries should be authorised to use existing data sources when available
- **3. Sustainability levels:** The approach is too restrictive as it considers only two options: sustainable/unsustainable. It does not allow to measure <u>progress</u> towards sustainability
- **4. Sustainability themes and sub-indicators:** refinement of the list of themes and sub-indicators (soil health, biodiversity, fertilizers, pesticides)



Main innovations

Description	Initial approach	New approach		
Data collection instrument	A combination of multiple data sources	Farm survey as unique source, esp. for developing countries		
Use of alternative data sources	Not considered	Allowed under certain conditions		
Number of sub- indicators	9	11		
Sustainability levels	2 levels	3 levels		
Aggregation	At farm level	At regional/country level		
Reporting	One single aggregate indicator	Dashboard + aggregate indicator		



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations New sub-indicators

	Init	ial version	New version			
No.	Theme	Sub-indicators	Theme	Sub-indicators		
1	Land productivity	Farm output value per farm agricultural area	Land productivity	Farm output value per hectare		
2	Farm profitability	Net farm income	Profitability	Net farm income		
3	Financial Resilience	Access to financial services	Resilience	Risk mitigation mechanisms		
4	Soil health	Soil health	Soil health	Prevalence of soil degradation		
5		Water use	Water use	Variation in water availability		
6	Water health	Water quality	Fertilizer risk	Management of fertilizers		
7			Pesticide risk	Management of pesticides		
8	Biodiversity	Heterogeneity of agricultural landscape	Biodiversity	Use of biodiversity- supportive practices		
9	Decent work	Wage rate in agriculture	Decent employment	Wage rate in agriculture		
10	Well-being	Agricultural household income	Food security	Food insecurity experience scale (FIES)		
11	Access to land	Secure rights to land tenure	Land tenure	Secure tenure rights to land		

Note: innovations are indicated in red



Data collection instrument

- Farm survey as the preferred instrument for data collection: aligned with efforts to develop farm surveys as the most relevant instrument for collecting agricultural data (AGRIS survey programme; 50X2030 initiative)
- Questionnaire designed as a set of modules that contain the minimum number of questions needed to assess the different themes/sub-indicators of SDG 2.4.1.
- Each module (or the entire questionnaire) can be integrated into existing farm surveys



Use of alternative data sources

No.	Sub-indicator	Admin data	Ag/livestock census	Ag surveys	Env. monitoring systems	GIS/remote sensing	Household surveys	Other
1	Farm output value per hectare		Х	Х		Х	Х	
2	Net farm income		Х	Х			Х	
3	Risk mitigation mechanisms	Х					Х	Х
4	Prevalence of soil degradation				Х	Х		
5	Variation in water availability	х			Х	Х		Х
6	Management of fertilizers	х		Х	x	Х		
7	Management of pesticides	х		Х	x			Х
8	Use of biodiversity-supportive practices				x	Х		
9	Wage rate in agriculture	Х					Х	Х
10	Food insecurity experience scale (FIES)						Х	Х
11	Secure tenure rights to land	Х					Х	

Note: Environmental monitoring systems include soil sampling, river flows records, and groundwater abstraction records. GIS/RS includes models.



Conditions for using alternative data sources

- Captures the same phenomenon as the proposed farm survey
- Data quality not lower than the farm survey
- Compliant with international standards and international classifications systems
- Data available at the same level of territorial disaggregation as the farm survey
- Reference year and periodicity homogenous across the sub-indicators



Assessing sustainability levels

- 1. Green: 'desirable'
- 2. Yellow: 'acceptable'
- 3. Red: 'unsustainable'
- 3 levels of sustainability help capture progress over time
- Assessed for each sub-indicator at the level of the farm holding
- Dashboard shows trade-offs between sustainability dimensions and the need to find an acceptable balance between them



Reporting through a dashboard

Example of results for country X in year Y



Note: This dashboard is only a simulation and is not from real data



Aggregation (at national or other levels)

$$SDG241_d = \min_{n:1-11}(SI_{d\,n})$$

$$SDG241_{a+d} = \min_{n:1-11} (SI_d + SI_a)_n$$

$$SDG241_u = \max_{n:1-11}(SI_{u\,n}) = 1 - SDG241_{a+d}$$

- SDG241_d = proportion of agricultural land area that have achieved the 'desirable' level
- SDG241_{a+d} = proportion of agricultural land area that have achieved at least the 'acceptable' level
- SDG241_u = proportion of agricultural area that is 'unsustainable'



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Thank You